

**THE CANDIDATES SHALL TAKE THIS QUESTION BOOKLET (PART - I) AFTER THE EXAMINATION OF THIS SUBJECT IS OVER AND HANOVER THE OMR ANSWER SHEET TO THE INVIGILATOR WHEN INSTRUCTED.**

**ଉତ୍ତର ପରୀକ୍ଷା ସରିବାପରେ ଏହି ପ୍ରସ୍ତର ପୁସ୍ତିକାଟି (ପାର୍ଟ୍-I)କୁ ପରୀକ୍ଷାର୍ଥୀମାନେ ସାଥିରେ ନେବେ ।  
ଉତ୍ତର ପରୀକ୍ଷାକୁ ନିର୍ଦ୍ଦେଶାନୁସାରେ ହସ୍ତାନ୍ତର କରିବେ ।**

<b>ନିର୍ଦ୍ଦେଶାବଳୀ</b>	<b>INSTRUCTIONS</b>
<p>୧। ଏହି ପ୍ରସ୍ତର ପୁସ୍ତିକାରେ ୫୦ଟି ବନ୍ଦୁବିକଳ୍ପ ଉତ୍ତର ବିଶିଷ୍ଟ ପ୍ରସ୍ତର ରହିଛି ।</p> <p>୨। ପ୍ରତ୍ୟେକ ପ୍ରସ୍ତର ତାରୋଟି ସମ୍ବାଦ୍ୟ ଉତ୍ତର ଦିଆଯାଇଛି, ସେଥି ମଧ୍ୟରୁ ଗୋଟିଏ ଠିକ୍ ।</p> <p>୩। ପ୍ରତ୍ୟେକ ପ୍ରସ୍ତର ଠିକ୍ ଉତ୍ତରଟିକୁ ବାଛି OMR ଉତ୍ତର ପର୍ଦରେ ଥିବା ସଂପୂର୍ଣ୍ଣ ବୃତ୍ତିକୁ କଳା / ନୀଳ ବଳ ପାଏଁ କଲମ ଦ୍ୱାରା ସମ୍ପୂର୍ଣ୍ଣ ଭାବେ କଳା କରା କେବଳ ଗୋଟିଏ ବୃତ୍ତକୁ କଳା କରା ଦୂଇଟି ବା ଅଧିକ ବୃତ୍ତକୁ କଳା କଲେ ତାହା ନାକତ ହୋଇଯିବା ।</p> <p>୪। ଆଂଶିକ ନୀଳ / କଳା କରାଯାଇଥିଲେ ତାହା ମଧ୍ୟ ମୂଲ୍ୟାଯନ ହୋଇପାରିବ ନାହିଁ ।</p> <p>୫। OMR ଉତ୍ତର ପର୍ଦରୁ କଞ୍ଚୁଟର ଦ୍ୱାରା ମୂଲ୍ୟାଯନ କରାଯିବା ।</p> <p>୬। OMR ପର୍ଦରେ କୌଣସି ଦାର ଲାଗିଥିଲେ, ଚିରା ଫଳ ଥିଲେ, ମୋଡ଼୍ ମକଟି ହୋଇଥିଲେ କିମ୍ବା ଛପା ଅସମ୍ଭଵିତ ତାହାକୁ ତତ୍କଷଣାତ୍ମ ପରୀକ୍ଷା ଦାୟିତ୍ୱରେ ଥିବା ନିରୀକ୍ଷକଙ୍କୁ ଫେରାଇ ଆଉ ଗୋଟିଏ ଠିକ୍ OMR ଉତ୍ତର ପର୍ଦରୁ ମାରିନିଆ ।</p> <p>୭। ଏହି ପ୍ରସ୍ତର ପୁସ୍ତିକା ଉପର ପୃଷ୍ଠାରେ ମୁଦ୍ରିତ ଥିବା ପୃଷ୍ଠାଏଖା, ପ୍ରସ୍ତରାଖା, ସେରକୋର ଆଦି ପ୍ରତିପୃଷ୍ଠାରେ ଠିକ୍ ଅଛି କି ନାହିଁ ମିଳାଇନିଆ । ଯଦି କୌଣସି ତୁଟି ଥାଏ ତେବେ ତାହାକୁ ଫେରାଇ ଆଉ ଗୋଟିଏ ଠିକ୍ ପ୍ରସ୍ତର ସଙ୍ଗେ ସଙ୍ଗେ ମାରିନିଆ ।</p> <p>୮। ପ୍ରସ୍ତର ପୁସ୍ତିକାର ଉଦିଷ୍ଟ ସ୍ଥାନରେ କେବଳ ରୋଲ ନୟର ଲେଖା ରଫ କରିବାଲ୍ଲାନ ବ୍ୟତୀତ ଅନ୍ୟ କୌଣସି ପୃଷ୍ଠାରେ ଲେଖାଲେଖା କରାଯିବନାହିଁ ।</p> <p>୯। ଡିକ୍ଷା ପରୀକ୍ଷା ପରିଚାଳନା ଆଇନ୍ ୧୯୮୮ ଅନୁସାରେ ପରୀକ୍ଷା ବୃଦ୍ଧରେ ଶାକିଶୁଷ୍କଳା ରକ୍ଷା କରିବା ଆବଶ୍ୟକ ।</p> <p>୧୦। ପରୀକ୍ଷା ଶେଷ ନ ହେବା ପୂର୍ବରୁ ପରୀକ୍ଷାର୍ଥୀମାନେ ପରୀକ୍ଷା ଘର ନାହିଁମାନେ ତାର୍କ୍ଷଣୀୟ ରହି ରଖିବାପାଇଁ OMR</p>	<p>1. This question booklet contains 50 (fifty) Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ).</p> <p>2. Each question has four (4) answer choices, out of which only one is correct.</p> <p>3. Select the correct answer and darken the appropriate circle completely in OMR sheet with Blue/Black ball point pen only. Darken only one circle and darkening two or more circles shall lead to rejection of the answer.</p> <p>4. Partial / incomplete darkened circles shall not be evaluated by the computer.</p> <p>5. The OMR answer sheets shall be evaluated by the computer.</p> <p>6. In case the OMR sheet is stained, torn, crumpled, mutilated, distorted, not properly printed in any manner or otherwise appears defective, the same shall be returned immediately to the invigilator and another correct OMR sheet be obtained.</p> <p>7. Verify carefully whether the No. of printed pages, No. of questions, Set code etc. printed on the cover page matched with this booklet. In case of any defect/discrepancy, exchange the defective one immediately to obtain another correct question booklet.</p> <p>8. Write your Roll No. in the space provided. Do not write/scribble anything on any part of this booklet except the space provided for doing the rough work.</p> <p>9. Discipline must be maintained in the examination hall as per the provisions of the Odisha Conduct of Examination Act, 1988.</p> <p>10. No candidate shall be allowed to leave the examination hall before the examination is</p>

**SET : A**

**Time : 1 Hour 15 Minutes**

**Full Marks : 50**

$$\pi \text{ ର ମୂଲ୍ୟ } \frac{22}{7} \text{ ଦିଆ } (\text{Take } \pi = \frac{22}{7})$$

ଏହି ବିଜ୍ଞାଗରେ ୫୦ ଟି ପ୍ରଶ୍ନ ଦିଆଯାଇଛି । ପ୍ରତ୍ୟେକ ପ୍ରଶ୍ନ ପାଇଁ ଚାରୋଟି ବିକଳ୍ପ ଉଚର ଦିଆଯାଇଛି ।  
ସେଥି ମଧ୍ୟରୁ ଠିକ୍ ଉଚରଟି ବାହି OMR ଉଚର ଫର୍ମରେ ଥିବା ସମ୍ପୂର୍ଣ୍ଣ ବୃତ୍ତଚିହ୍ନ  
କଳା/ନୀଳ ବଳ ପାଇଁ କଳମ ଦ୍ୱାରା ସମ୍ପୂର୍ଣ୍ଣଭାବେ କଳା କରା ।

*In this Part 50 questions are given. Each question has four alternative answers. Choose the correct answer from them and darken the appropriate circle completely in the OMR Sheet with the Blue/Black ball point pen.*

ପ୍ରତ୍ୟେକ ପ୍ରଶ୍ନର ମୂଲ୍ୟ 1 ଅଟେ ।

*Each question carries 1 mark.*

ସମସ୍ତ ପ୍ରଶ୍ନର ଉଚର ଦିଆ ।

*Answer all questions.*

1.  $9x + y + 12 = 0$  ଏବଂ  $18x + ky + 24 = 0$  ସହ ସମୀକରଣ ଦ୍ୱାସା ସଙ୍ଗତ ଓ ନିର୍ଭରଶୀଳ  
ହେଲେ k ର ମାନ କେତେ ?

If the simultaneous equations  $9x + y + 12 = 0$  and  $18x + ky + 24 = 0$  are  
consistent and dependent, then what is the value of k ?

- |        |        |
|--------|--------|
| (A) -1 | (B) +1 |
| (C) +2 | (D) -2 |

2. ନିମ୍ନଲ୍ୟ ଉଚରମିନାଷ୍ଟର ମୂଲ୍ୟ କେତେ ?

What is the value of the following determinant ?

$$\begin{vmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ 3 & 2 \end{vmatrix}$$

- |       |        |
|-------|--------|
| (A) 7 | (B) -7 |
| (C) 4 | (D) -4 |

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ରଫ୍‌କରିବା ପ୍ଲାନ (SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK)

3.  $3x + 4y = 10$  ഓ  $2x - 2y = 3$  എ സമീകരണ ദുർഘ്ര പ്രതിക്രിയ പ്രശ്നാലിയിൽ സമാധാന കരിവാ പാഇ്യും കരിബ ?
- What is to be done for solving the simultaneous equations  $3x + 4y = 10$  and  $2x - 2y = 3$  by the method of substitution ?
 

(A) പ്രഥമ സമീകരണകു 2 ദാരാ ഓ ദിഡിയകു 3 ദാരാ ഗുണന കരിബ  $x + ky + 24 = 0$  are consistent and dependent, then what is the value of k ?  
Multiply the first equation by 2 and the second one by 3

(B) പ്രഥമത്തിലും  $x$  ര മൂല്യ നിർണ്ണയ കരി ദിഡിയതിൽ ലേഖാ ഭ  
(C) Determine the value of  $x$  from the first one and write it in the second  
(D)  $-2$
  - നിന്നും വിവരങ്ങൾ മുകളിൽ കൊടേ ?  
What is the value of the following determinant ?  
(C) ദിഡിയ സമീകരണകു പ്രഥമരു ബന്ധാഗ കരിബ  
Subtract the second one from the first one  
(D) ഉദായ സമീകരണകു മിശാക്ക  
(A)  $7$  (B)  $-7$   
Add both the equations together
  - $x + y = 0$  ഓ  $x - y = 0$  എ സമീകരണ ദുർഘ്ര അക്കന കലേ കേഴ്ബ ബിന്ദുരെ പരബ്രഹ്മ കൂലി കു ഛുദ കരിബേ ?
- What is the point of intersection of the simultaneous equations  $x + y = 0$  and  $x - y = 0$  on a graph paper ?
- (A)  $(0, 1)$  (B)  $(1, 0)$   
(C)  $(1, 1)$  (D)  $(0, 0)$
- ഗോചി ദിഘാത സമീകരണര മൂലഭ്യര സമാന്തരി ഓ ഗുണപല യഥാക്രമി 4 ഓ  $-\frac{5}{2}$  | സമീകരണതി കൊടേ ?
- The sum and product of the roots of a quadratic equation are 4 and  $-\frac{5}{2}$  respectively. What is the equation ?
- (A)  $2x^2 + 8x + 5 = 0$  (B)  $2x^2 - 8x + 5 = 0$   
(C)  $2x^2 + 8x - 5 = 0$  (D)  $2x^2 - 8x - 5 = 0$
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രഘു കരിബാ ഷാന (SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK)

6.  $\sqrt{x} + x = 6$  කු අක දියාත සමාකරණය ප්‍රකාශ කල නො නෙතේ නො නෙත් ?

What is  $\sqrt{x} + x = 6$  when expressed as a quadratic equation?

- (A)  $x^2 - 13x + 36 = 0$       (B)  $x^2 + 13x + 36 = 0$   
(C)  $x^2 + 12x + 36 = 0$       (D)  $x^2 - 12x + 36 = 0$

7.  $2x^2 + kx + 3 = 0$  ସମୀକରଣରେ  $k$  ର ମାନ କେତେ ହେଲେ ମୂଳ ଦୁଇଟି ବାନ୍ଧବ ଓ ସମାନ ହେବେ ?

What should be the value of k show that the roots of the equation  $2x^2 + kx + 3 = 0$  are real and equal ?

- (A)  $4\sqrt{6}$       (B)  $2\sqrt{6}$   
 (C)  $\sqrt{6}$       (D)  $\frac{\sqrt{6}}{2}$

8. ဂေါ်စံ အာယ့ စီတြော ပြည့်စုတေ 8 ဧ.မီ. ပဲ ၁၆ ၅ နေ့ ၂၀၁၇ ခုနှစ်၊ ၂၀၁၇ ခုနှစ် ၂၄၀ ပဲ ရှိ ၁၃၀ ဧ.မီ. အာယ့ စီတြော ပြည့်စုတေ ၁၆ ၅ နေ့ ၂၀၁၇ ခုနှစ် ၂၀၁၇ ခုနှစ် ၂၄၀ ပဲ ရှိ ၁၃၀ ဧ.မီ. အာယ့ စီတြော ပြည့်စုတေ ၁၆ ၅ နေ့ ၂၀၁၇ ခုနှစ် ၂၀၁၇ ခုနှစ် ၂၄၀ ပဲ ရှိ ၁၃၀ ဧ.မီ.

The length of a rectangle is greater than its breadth by 8 cm and its area is 240 sq. cm. Which of the following equations is applicable to find its sides ?

- (A)  $x^2 + 16x = 240$       (B)  $2x^2 - 8x = 240$   
(C)  $2x^2 + 16x = 480$       (D)  $2x^2 + 8x = 480$

9. ନିୟମିତ ଅବୁକ୍ରମ ମଧ୍ୟରେ କେଉଁଠି ସମାନ୍ତର ପ୍ରଗତିରେ ନାହିଁ ?

Which one of the following series is not in Arithmetic progression ?

- (A) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, ...      (B)  $\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{3}, \frac{4}{3}, \dots$   
(C) 1.1, 2.3, 3.5, 4.7, ...      (D) -3, -1, 0, 2, 4, ...

10. ଗୋଟିଏ ସମାନ୍ତର ପ୍ରଗତିର ପ୍ରଥମ ପଦ - 3 ଓ ସାଧାରଣ ଅନ୍ତର 2 ହେଲେ, ଏହାର ପ୍ରଥମ 11ଟି ପଦର ସମାନ୍ତର କେତେ ?

The first term of an arithmetic progression is  $-3$  and common difference is  $2$ . What is the sum of its first  $11$  terms ?



11.  $(a + b), x$  ഓ  $(a - b)$  A.P.രെ ഥുലേ  $x$  ര മാന കെടേ ?

If  $(a + b)$ ,  $x$  and  $(a - b)$  are in A.P. What is the value of  $x$  ?

- (A)  $2a$       (B)  $a$   
(C)  $b$       (D)  $2b$

12. ସମାନ୍ତର ପ୍ରଗତିରେ ଥିବା ଗୋଟିଏ ଅନୁକ୍ରମର ପ୍ରଥମ ପଦ 4 ଓ ଶେଷ ପଦ 76 । ଏଥରେ ତିନୋଟି ମଧ୍ୟକ ଥିଲେ, ଦ୍ଵିତୀୟ ମଧ୍ୟକଟି କେତେ ?

The first term of a series in arithmetic progression is 4 and last term is 76. In between them there are three arithmetic means. What is the second arithmetic mean?



13. ଗୋଟିଏ ପୁନ୍ଦରାକୁ 30 ଥର ଗସ୍ତ କରିବାରୁ 'H' ଯେତେ ଥର ଆସିଲା 'T' ତାର ଦୁଇଶୁଣ ଥର ଆସିଲା ।  $P(T)$  ର ମଳ୍ଯ କେତେ ?

A coin was tossed 30 times. The number of times 'T' appeared was twice the number of times 'H' appeared. What is the value of P(T) ?

14. ଗୋଟିଏ ଡବାରେ 5ଟି ଦଶ ପଇସି, 3ଟି 25 ପଇସି ଓ 4ଟି ପଚାଶ ପଇସି ଅଛି । ସେଥିରୁ ଯଦୁଙ୍କା ଗୋଟିଏ ମୁଦ୍ରା ଉଠାଗଲେ ଗୋଟିଏ ପଚାଶ ପଇସି ପାଇବାର ସମ୍ଭାବ୍ୟତା କେତେ ?

There are 5, 10 paise coins, 3, 25 paise coins and 4, 50 paise coins in a box. If one of these coins is lifted at random, then what is the probability of getting a 50 paise coin ?

- |                    |                   |
|--------------------|-------------------|
| (A) $\frac{1}{12}$ | (B) $\frac{1}{6}$ |
| (C) $\frac{1}{4}$  | (D) $\frac{1}{3}$ |

15. ଗୋଟିଏ ଲୁଡୁଗୋଟିକୁ ଥରେ ଗଡ଼ା ଗଲା । ଯଦି E ଘଟଣାଟି “ଫଳ ଏକ ଯୁଗ୍ମ ସଂଖ୍ୟା”କୁ ବୁଝାଏ, ତେବେ E ଘଟଣାଟି ଘଟିବାର ସମ୍ଭାବ୍ୟତା କେତେ ?

A ludo die was thrown once. If the event E indicates ‘result is an even number’ then what is the probability of occurrence of the event E ?

- |                   |                   |
|-------------------|-------------------|
| (A) $\frac{1}{6}$ | (B) $\frac{1}{3}$ |
| (C) $\frac{1}{2}$ | (D) $\frac{2}{3}$ |

16. ଗୋଟିଏ ଲୁଡୁଗୋଟିକୁ ଦୁଇଥର ଗଡ଼ାଇଦିଆଗଲା । ଏହା ଦ୍ୱାରା ସଂଖ୍ୟା ଦୁଇଟିର ଯୋଗପରି 6 ପାଇବାର ସମ୍ଭାବ୍ୟତା କଟେ ?

A ludo die was thrown twice. What is the probability of getting the sum of the numbers as 6 ?

- |                   |                    |
|-------------------|--------------------|
| (A) $\frac{5}{6}$ | (B) $\frac{2}{3}$  |
| (C) $\frac{1}{9}$ | (D) $\frac{5}{36}$ |

17. 8, 5, 6, 7, x ଓ 4 ଲକ୍ଷମାନଙ୍କର ମାଧ୍ୟମାନ 6.5 ହେଲେ x ର ମାନ କେତେ ?

If the mean of the scores 8, 5, 6, 7, x and 4 is 6.5, then what is the value of x ?



18. ପ୍ରଥମ 10ଟି ଗଣନ ସଂଖ୍ୟାର ମଧ୍ୟମା, ପ୍ରଥମ 9ଟି ଗଣନ ସଂଖ୍ୟାର ମଧ୍ୟମାଠରୁ କେତେ ବେଶୀ ?

By how much the median of the first 10 counting numbers is greater than the median of the first 9 counting numbers ?



19. ନିମ୍ନୟ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କେଉଁଟି ଗରିଷ୍ଠକ ନିର୍ଣ୍ଣୟ କରିବା ପାଇଁ ଠିକ୍ ସ୍ଵତ୍ତ ?

Which one of the following is the correct formula for finding mode ?

$$(A) \text{ ଗରିଷ୍ଠକ} = \frac{\text{ମାଧ୍ୟମାନ} + \text{ମଧ୍ୟମ}}{2}$$

$$\text{Mode} = \frac{\text{Mean} + \text{Median}}{2}$$

(B) গরিষ্ঠক = 2 মধ্যমা – 3 মাধ্যমান

$$\text{Mode} = 2 \text{ Median} - 3 \text{ Mean}$$

(C) ଗରିଷ୍ଠକ = 3 ମଧ୍ୟମା - 2 ମାଧ୍ୟମାନ

$$\text{Mode} = 3 \text{ Median} - 2 \text{ Mean}$$

(D) ଗରିଷ୍ଠକ = 2 (ମଧ୍ୟମା - ମାଧ୍ୟମାନ)

$$\text{Mode} = 2(\text{Median} - \text{Mean})$$

20. නිමු ලක්ෂණ මානකර ගරිශක කෙතේ ?

What is the mode of the following scores ?

5, 6, 7, 7, 8, 9, 9, 9, 10, 10, 11, 12, 12, 12

- (A) ගරිශක නැහි (No mode)
- (B) 9
- (C) 12
- (D) ඉඩයේ 9 සහ 12 (Both 9 and 12)

21.  $x_1, x_2, x_3, \dots, x_n$  ර මාධ්‍යමාන M ඇල |  $\sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - 5) = 60$  යෙදුව  $\sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - 8) = 24$  නෙමු, n ර මාන කෙතේ ?

The mean of the scores  $x_1, x_2, x_3, \dots, x_n$  is M. If  $\sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - 5) = 60$  and  $\sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - 8) = 24$ , then what is the value of n ?

- (A) 5
- (B) 8
- (C) 10
- (D) 12

22. දුරටි බිඳු A සහ B ර ප්‍රානාක් යථාකුමේ  $(-1, -2)$  සහ  $(5, -2)$  | වෘත්තානක මධ්‍යරේ දුරග කෙතේ ?

The co-ordinates of two points A and B are  $(-1, -2)$  and  $(5, -2)$  respectively. What is the distance between them ?

- (A) 6
- (B)  $4\sqrt{2}$
- (C) 4
- (D)  $3\sqrt{2}$

23.  $\triangle ABC$  තුළ A, B සහ C බිජුමානක් සානාක් යථාක්‍රයෙ (1, 2), (2, 4) සහ (3, 5) |  $\overline{AD}$  එක මධ්‍යමා හේලේ D බිජුර සානාක් කෙටෙ ?

The co-ordinates of the points A, B, C of the  $\triangle ABC$  are (1, 2), (2, 4) and (3, 5) respectively. If  $\overline{AD}$  is a median then what is the co-ordinates of the point D ?

- (A) (5, 9) (B) (2.5, 4.5)  
 (C) (1.5, 3) (D) (2, 3.5)

24. ගොටී රෙජාණ්ඩු මධ්‍යබිංඩ සානාක් (0, 0) | එහාර එක ප්‍රාත්බිංඩ සානාක් (2, 3) | අනු ප්‍රාත්බිංඩ සානාක් කෙටෙ ?

The co-ordinates of the mid-point of a line-segment is (0, 0). The co-ordinates of one of the end-point is (2, 3). What is the co-ordinates of the other end-point ?

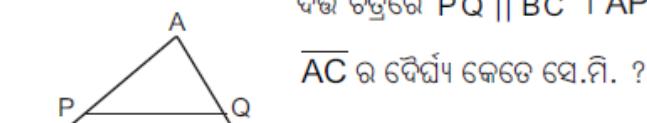
- (A) (-3, -2) (B) (-2, -3)  
 (C) (2, 3) (D) (3, 2)

25. (2, 10), (2, 5) සහ (a, -2) බිංඩුවෙන් එක වර්ගරෙජාවෙ අඛණ්ඩ | a ර මාන කෙටෙ ?

The three points (2, 10), (2, 5) and (a, -2) are in one straight line. What is the value of a ?

- (A) 0 (B) 2  
 (C) 3 (D) -2

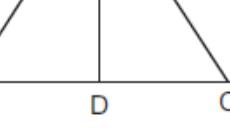
26. දඟ තුළ පිළිස්සා ඇත්තා පිහිටුව  $\overline{PQ} \parallel \overline{BC}$  |  $AP = \frac{4}{7} AB$ ,  $QC = 1.8$  cm |



$\overline{AC}$  ර දේශීය කෙටෙ වැ.මි. ?

- In the given figure  $\overline{PQ} \parallel \overline{BC}$ .  $AP = \frac{4}{7} AB$ ,  $QC = 1.8$  cm. What is the length of  $\overline{AC}$  in cm ?

- (A) 2.4 (B) 3.6  
 (C) 4.2 (D) 5.4

27.  ଦର୍ଶାଇଛି ଯେ  $m\angle BAD = m\angle CAD$  ।  $\triangle ABD$  ଓ  $\triangle ACD$  ର କ୍ଷେତ୍ରଫଳର ଅନୁପାତ କାହା ସଙ୍ଗେ ସମାନ ?

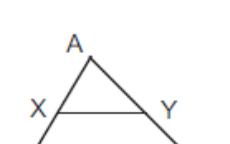
In the given figure  $m\angle BAD = m\angle CAD$ . Ratio of the areas of the  $\triangle ABD$  and  $\triangle ACD$  is equal to which one of the following ?

(A)  $AC : AB$       (B)  $AB : DC$   
 (C)  $BD : AC$       (D)  $AB : AC$

28.  ଦର୍ଶାଇଛି  $\triangle PQR \sim \triangle QRS$  ।  $m\angle PQR = 50^\circ$ ,  $m\angle QSR = 100^\circ$  ।  $m\angle PRS =$  କେତେ ?

In the given figure  $\triangle PQR \sim \triangle QRS$ .  $m\angle PQR = 50^\circ$ ,  $m\angle QSR = 100^\circ$ . What is the measure of  $\angle PRS$  ?

(A)  $70^\circ$       (B)  $80^\circ$   
 (C)  $90^\circ$       (D)  $100^\circ$

29.  ଦର୍ଶାଇଛି  $\overline{XY} \parallel \overline{BC}$  ଓ  $AX : XB = 2 : 3$  ।  $\triangle AXY$  ଓ ଟ୍ରାପିଜିଯମ୍  $XYCB$  ର କ୍ଷେତ୍ରଫଳର ଅନୁପାତ କେତେ ?

In the given figure  $\overline{XY} \parallel \overline{BC}$  and  $AX : XB = 2 : 3$ . What is the ratio of the areas of  $\triangle AXY$  and trapezium  $XYCB$  ?

(A)  $\frac{4}{25}$       (B)  $\frac{4}{21}$   
 (C)  $\frac{4}{9}$       (D)  $\frac{2}{3}$

30.  $\triangle ABC$  ට  $m\angle A = 90^\circ$  අවශ්‍ය  $\overline{AD} \perp \overline{BC}$  |  $BD = 2$  යු.මි. සහ  $BC = 8$  යු.මි.  
නේතේ,  $\overline{AB} =$  කෙතේ යු.මි. ?

In  $\triangle ABC$ ,  $m\angle A = 90^\circ$  and  $\overline{AD} \perp \overline{BC}$ . If  $BD = 2$  cm and  $BC = 8$  cm, then what is the length of  $\overline{AB}$  in cm?

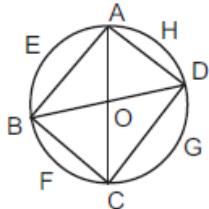
- (A)  $2\sqrt{3}$       (B)  $3\sqrt{2}$   
(C) 4      (D)  $4\sqrt{3}$

31. ଗୋଟିଏ ରେଖାଖଣ୍ଡ ସର୍ବାଧୁକ କେତେଟି ବୃତ୍ତର ବ୍ୟାସାର୍ଥ ହୋଇପାରିବ ?

A line segment can be a radius of how many circles in the maximum?



32.  ଦର୍ଶାଇଛି କେନ୍ତର ବ୍ୟବସ୍ଥାରେ  $O$  ବୃତ୍ତର କେନ୍ଦ୍ର ଓ  $m \widehat{AEB} = 100^\circ$  ।  $m \angle BDC =$  କେତେ ?



ଦଉ ଚିତ୍ରରେ O ବୃତ୍ତର କେନ୍ଦ୍ର ଓ  $m\widehat{AEB} = 100^\circ$  |  $m\angle BDC =$  କେତେ ?

- (A)  $40^\circ$       (B)  $50^\circ$   
(C)  $60^\circ$       (D)  $80^\circ$

33. ଗୋଟିଏ ସୁଷମ ଷଡ଼ଭୁଜର ପ୍ରତ୍ୟେକ ବାହୁ ଏହାର ପରିବୃତ୍ତର ପରିଧିଠାରେ ଅଙ୍କନ କରୁଥିବା କୋଣର ପରିମାଣ କେତେ ?

What is the measure of the angle subtended by each side of a regular hexagon at the circumference of its circum-circle ?

- (A)  $120^\circ$       (B)  $90^\circ$   
 (C)  $60^\circ$       (D)  $30^\circ$

34. ଗୋଟିଏ ବୃତ୍ତର ଏକ ଜ୍ୟା ବୃତ୍ତର କେନ୍ଦ୍ରରେ  $90^\circ$  କୋଣ ଉପରୁ କରେ । ବୃତ୍ତର ବ୍ୟାସାର୍ଥ ଓ ଜ୍ୟାର ଦୈର୍ଘ୍ୟର ଅନୁପାତ କେତେ ?

A chord of a circle subtends a right angle at its centre. What is the ratio of the lengths of the radius of the circle and the chord ?

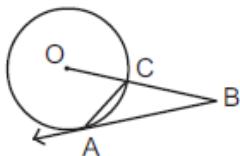
- |                    |                    |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| (A) 2 : 1          | (B) 1 : 2          |
| (C) $\sqrt{2} : 1$ | (D) $1 : \sqrt{2}$ |

35. ଦୁଇଟି ବହିସର୍ଷୀ ବୃତ୍ତ ପ୍ରତି ସର୍ବାଧୂକ କେତୋଟି ସାଧାରଣ ସର୍ଶକ ଅଳନ କରାଯାଇପାରିବ ?

In the maximum how many common tangents can be drawn to two externally tangent circles ?

- |       |       |
|-------|-------|
| (A) 1 | (B) 2 |
| (C) 3 | (D) 4 |

36.

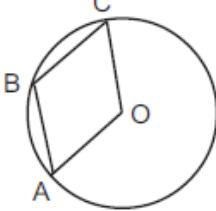


ଦଉ ଚିତ୍ରରେ O ବୃତ୍ତର କେନ୍ଦ୍ର ଏବଂ  $\overline{BA}$  ସର୍ଶକ ଖଣ୍ଡ ।  $m\angle ACB = 110^\circ$  ହେଲେ,  $m\angle CAB =$  କେତେ ?

In the given figure O is the centre of the circle and  $\overline{BA}$  is a tangent-segment. If  $m\angle ACB = 110^\circ$ , what is the measure of  $\angle CAB$  ?

- |                |                |
|----------------|----------------|
| (A) $20^\circ$ | (B) $30^\circ$ |
| (C) $55^\circ$ | (D) $70^\circ$ |

37.

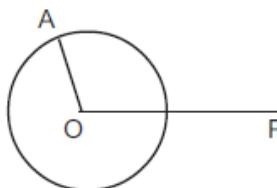


ଦଉ ଚିତ୍ରରେ O ବୃତ୍ତର କେନ୍ଦ୍ର ।  $\overline{OA} \parallel \overline{BC}$  ଏବଂ  $\overline{OC} \parallel \overline{AB}$  ହେଲେ,  $m\angle C =$  କେତେ ?

In the given figure O is the centre of the circle. If  $\overline{OA} \parallel \overline{BC}$  and  $\overline{OC} \parallel \overline{AB}$ , then what is the measure of  $\angle C$  ?

- |                |                |
|----------------|----------------|
| (A) $30^\circ$ | (B) $40^\circ$ |
| (C) $50^\circ$ | (D) $60^\circ$ |

38.



ଦଉ ଚିତ୍ରରେ  $OA = 8$  ସେ.ମି.,  $OP = 17$  ସେ.ମି. । O ବୁଢ଼ର କେନ୍ଦ୍ର ହେଲେ, P ବିନ୍ଦୁରୁ ବୁଢ଼ ପ୍ରତି ଅଳିତ ସର୍ବକ ଖଣ୍ଡର ଦେଇଁଥୁ କେତେ ସେ.ମି. ?

In the given figure  $OA = 8$  cm,  $OP = 17$  cm. If O is the centre of the circle then what is the length of the tangent segment drawn from P to the circle in cm ?

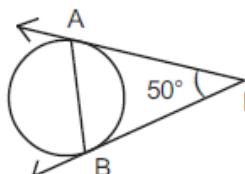
(A) 8

(B) 15

(C) 17

(D) 25

39.



ଦଉ ଚିତ୍ରରେ  $\overline{PA}$  ଓ  $\overline{PB}$  ସର୍ବକ ଖଣ୍ଡର ।  $m\angle PAB =$  କେତେ ?

In the given figure  $\overline{PA}$  and  $\overline{PB}$  are tangent-segments. What is the measure of  $\angle PAB$  ?

(A)  $40^\circ$

(B)  $50^\circ$

(C)  $65^\circ$

(D)  $75^\circ$

40. ଦୁଇଟି ବୁଢ଼ର ପରିଧୂର ଅନ୍ତର 88 ସେ.ମି. ଓ ସେମାନଙ୍କର ବ୍ୟାସାର୍ଦ୍ଦ ଦୂର ସମନ୍ତି 78 ସେ.ମି. । ବୁଢ଼ର ବୁଢ଼ର ବ୍ୟାସାର୍ଦ୍ଦ କେତେ ସେ.ମି. ?

The difference of the circumferences of two circles is 88 cm and the sum of their radii is 78 cm. What is the radius of the bigger circle in cm ?

(A) 92

(B) 83

(C) 46

(D) 32

41. ଦୁଇଟି ଏକ-କେନ୍ଦ୍ରିକ ବୁଢ଼ର ବ୍ୟାସ ଯଥାକ୍ରମେ 32 ସେ.ମି. ଓ 18 ସେ.ମି. । ଉଭୟର ପରିଧୂ ଅନ୍ତର୍ଗତ ପ୍ଲାନର କ୍ଷେତ୍ରଫଳ କେତେ ବର୍ଗ ସେ.ମି. ?

The diameters of two concentric circles are 32 cm and 18 cm. What is the area of the space included by their circumferences in sq. cm ?

(A) 550

(B) 1100

(C) 1650

(D) 2200



46.  $\sin A = \frac{12}{13}$  හේලේ,  $\cot A$  ර මාන කෙටි ?

If  $\sin A = \frac{12}{13}$ , what is the value of  $\cot A$  ?

(A)  $\frac{5}{12}$

(B)  $\frac{12}{5}$

(C)  $\frac{5}{13}$

(D)  $\frac{17}{13}$

47.  $\sin 120^\circ + \tan 150^\circ \cdot \cos 135^\circ$  ර මාන කෙටි ?

What is the value of  $\sin 120^\circ + \tan 150^\circ \cdot \cos 135^\circ$  ?

(A)  $\frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3+\sqrt{2}}$

(B)  $\frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3-\sqrt{2}}$

(C)  $\frac{3-\sqrt{2}}{2\sqrt{3}}$

(D)  $\frac{3+\sqrt{2}}{2\sqrt{3}}$

48.  $\sec^2(90^\circ + \theta) - \cot^2(180^\circ - \theta)$  ර මාන කෙටි ?

What is the value of  $\sec^2(90^\circ + \theta) - \cot^2(180^\circ - \theta)$  ?

(A) 0

(B) 1

(C) -1

(D)  $-\frac{1}{2}$

49.  $\tan A = \frac{1}{2}$  ඔ  $\cot B = 3$  හේලේ,  $A + B$  ර මාන කෙටි ?

If  $\tan A = \frac{1}{2}$  and  $\cot B = 3$ , what is the value of  $A + B$  ?

(A)  $120^\circ$

(B)  $60^\circ$

(C)  $45^\circ$

(D)  $30^\circ$

50.  $\tan 1^\circ \times \tan 2^\circ \times \tan 3^\circ \times \dots \times \tan 88^\circ \times \tan 89^\circ$  = කෙටි ?

$\tan 1^\circ \times \tan 2^\circ \times \tan 3^\circ \times \dots \times \tan 88^\circ \times \tan 89^\circ$  = How much ?

(A)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$

(B) 1

(C)  $\sqrt{3}$

(D) -1